



AGMU
ANA G. MÉNDEZ
UNIVERSITY

**SECURITY
NORMS,
POLICIES AND
REGULATIONS**

**2026 ANNUAL
SECURITY
REPORT**

Message from the President



At Ana G. Méndez University, the safety and security of our students, faculty, administration, and visitors is a fundamental priority. We share the responsibility to create an environment that will safely foster education of excellence, encompass a positive working atmosphere, and exemplify a safe venue for the community to gather and discuss important issues.

It is with great pleasure that we present this information, in accordance with the Standards, Policies and Regulations of Security at Ana G. Méndez University and in compliance with the federal provision of the “Student Right to Know Act and Campus Security Act” - PL 101-542.

I am sure that, if all of us abide to these important security policies and regulations, we will be able to enjoy a safe and harmonious environment within our institutions.

Sincerely,

José F. Méndez Méndez President Ana G. Méndez University

UNIVERSITY POLICY

Ana G. Méndez University asserts that the creation and promotion of a safe environment for work and study, free of risks against health and security, nurturing respect, protection, and well-being within the University Community.

Annual Security Report

This Annual Security Report is prepared in compliance with the Clery Act using information maintained by Campus Security, information provided by other university offices such as Student Affairs, Campus Security Authorities and information provided by local law enforcement agencies surrounding the campuses.

This report provides statistics for the previous three years concerning reported crimes that occurred on the AGMU Florida Campuses. This report also includes institutional policies concerning campus security, such as policies regarding sexual misconduct, alcohol, and other drugs.

The university distributes a notice of the availability of this Annual Security Report by October 1 of each year to every member of the university community. Anyone, including prospective students and employees, may obtain a copy of this report by contacting the Campus Security or by visiting:

<https://www.agmu.edu/en/student-consumer-information>



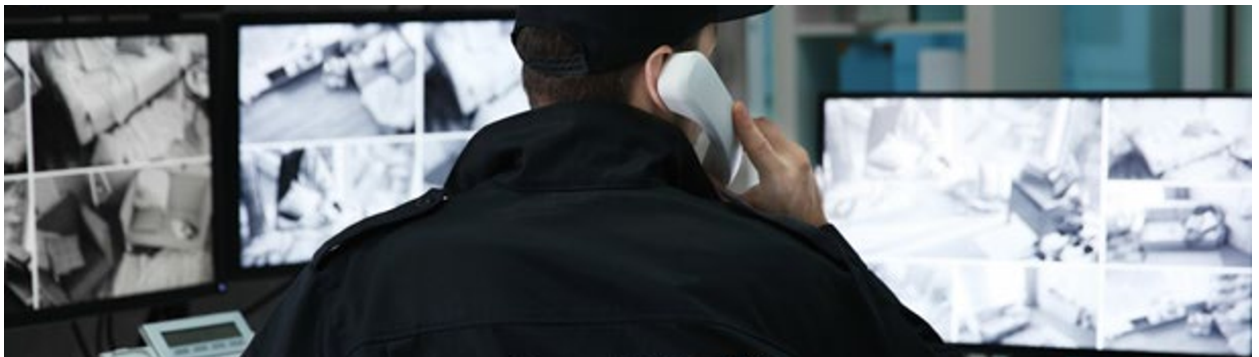
Security and Occupational Safety

In accordance with institutional policies, the university is responsible for protecting safety of our university community and its visitors. We recognize the right of the university community to be informed of delinquent acts occurring on our campuses and the collection of relevant facts about delinquent activity in the various units comprising it. The Report of Delinquent Activities by Category, as required by the Student Right to Know and Campus Security Act. Also, should there be unforeseen situations that may threaten the security of the University Community, they will be investigated by the Campus administration, and in relevant situations, the community will be alerted in timely manner.

Security

Campus Security is the responsibility of the Security Director at each academic location. The Security Officers are located at the reception area. The Security Director along with the Security Officers are responsible of ensuring compliance with the security policies, to assist, offer guidance, preventive surveillance, inspections of all areas, investigation of delinquent actions or incidents, and maintain the security of students, associates, professors, and visitors during the established operation hours. Each Campus is equipped with electronic security cameras creating a secure environment for our University community and visitors. The Security Officer keeps a record of any incident that may occur that affects the safety and security of the academic community.

The Security Officer telephone extension at Orlando Campus is 1819, South Florida Campus is 8563 / 8562, Tampa Bay Campus 8735.



Procedure for Reporting Incidents, Violations of University Policies, and Medical Emergencies



Students and employees, must follow the established University Policies in order to ensure a secure work and learning environment free from recognized risks. The University Community (students, faculty, staff, and visitors) is responsible for notifying the Security Officer, or any employee of any situation that could represent some risk to life, security, or property.

The Security Officer will complete an “Incident Report” and inform the Security Director of situation occurring at the campus.

If any Medical Emergency arises, 911 should be called if immediate assistance is required. The Security Officer must notify immediately the Security Director.

The University Community is responsible for notifying the Security Officer, or any employee of any situation that could represent some risk to life, security, or property

community, that you immediately report all incidents to **Campus Security**. This helps to ensure an effective investigation and appropriate follow- up actions, including issuing a timely warning or emergency notification. If crimes are never reported, little can be done to help other members of the community from also being victims. The university community will be much safer when all community members participate in safety and security initiatives.

We encourage all members of the university community to report all crimes and other emergencies to Campus Security in a timely manner. Campus Security is available by phone or in person at the Orlando Campus, South Florida, and Tampa Bay Campus.

Reporting to Campus Security (See Telephone Directory at the end of the report)

Reporting Alleged Crimes and Emergencies

There is several ways for the university community members and visitors to report alleged crimes, serious incidents, and other emergencies to appropriate university officials. Regardless of how and where you decide to report these incidents, it is critical for the safety of the entire university

Voluntary and Confidential Reporting

If you are the victim of a crime or want to report a crime you are aware of, but do not want to pursue action within the university or criminal justice system, we ask that you consider filing a voluntary, confidential report. Depending upon the circumstances of the crime you are reporting, you may be able file a report while maintaining your confidentiality.

The purpose of a confidential report is to comply with your wishes to keep your personally identifying information confidential, while taking steps to ensure your safety and the safety of others. The confidential reports allow the university to compile accurate records on the number and types of incidents occurring on campus. Reports filed in this manner are counted and disclosed in the Annual Security Report. In limited circumstances, the Campus Security may not be able to assure confidentiality and will inform you in those cases. Anyone may call the Campus Security emergency phone to report concerning information. Callers may remain anonymous.

Reporting to Other Campus Security Authorities

The Clery Act recognizes certain university officials and offices as “Campus Security Authorities (CSA).” The Clery Act defines these individuals as “official of an institution who has significant responsibility for student and campus activities, including, but not limited to, student housing, student discipline and campus judicial proceedings. An official is defined as any person who has the authority and the duty to take action or respond to particular issues on behalf of the institution but does not have significant counseling responsibilities.” Actual professional & pastoral counselors are exempt.

CSA’s are obligated to report crimes reported to them which occurred on campus, in public areas bordering campus and in certain non-campus buildings owned or controlled (leased) by the University. CSA’s should only report those crimes that have not been previously reported to Campus Security or another University CSA. The intent of including non-law enforcement personnel in the CSA role is to acknowledge that some community members and students, may be hesitant about reporting crimes to security or the police, but may be more inclined to report incidents to other campus-affiliated individuals.



Timely Warnings

The purpose of a “Timely Warning” is to aid in the prevention of a violent crime against a person or a particularly threatening crime against property that represents an ongoing danger. The intent of a timely warning is to enable people to protect themselves.

A timely warning will be issued for any of the following crimes that are reported by a Campus Security Authority or local law enforcement agency that occurs on the university’s Clery geography and is considered by the university to represent a serious or continuing threat to students, staff, and faculty:

- Arson
- Robbery
- Burglary
- Dating Violence
- Domestic Violence
- Aggravated Assault
- Motor Vehicle Theft
- Forcible and Non-forcible Sex Offenses
- Criminal Homicide, including murder, non-negligent manslaughter, and negligent manslaughter

Anyone with information warranting a timely warning should report the circumstances immediately to the Campus Security

University officials will send a “Timely Warning” by email and text message to all students, staff, and faculty when the above criteria is met, and the pertinent

information is available. The timely warning will provide details of the crime, a description of the suspect (if known), and information that will aid in the prevention of similar crimes. The message may omit some information if providing it could identify the victim or compromise law enforcement efforts. Timely warnings may be updated when new or more accurate information becomes available.

The decision to issue a timely warning is made on a case-by-case basis with consideration given to the validity of the information about the crime reported, information known to the police, the nature of the crime, when and where the incident occurred, when it was reported, continuing danger to the campus community, and risk of compromising law enforcement efforts or identifying the victim. If a suspect is apprehended or other facts indicate that any danger has passed and is unlikely to reappear, a timely warning will not be issued. If the report to the police is delayed to the point where the on-going threat has dissipated, the warning will not be issued. If there is reason to believe that a report was not made in good faith, the timely warning will not be issued. Please note that timely warnings are a separate and distinct process from the emergency notification messages.

Anyone with information warranting a timely warning should report the circumstances immediately to the Campus Security.

Emergency Notifications

The university is committed to ensuring the university community receives timely, accurate, and useful information in the event of a significant emergency or dangerous situation on campus or in the local area that poses an immediate threat to their health and safety.

The types of emergencies that will be notified are the following, but they are not limited to:

- Fires
- Drought
- Tsunami
- Terrorism
- Flashfloods
- Earthquakes
- Thunderstorm
- Active shooter
- Chemical Spills
- Storms/Hurricanes
- Twister

The emergency notifications will be issued after the following steps:

- Confirming the existence of a significant emergency or dangerous situation.
- Determining the appropriate segment or segments of the university community to receive the emergency notification.
- Determining the contents of the emergency notification using preexisting templates.

Emergency notifications



Sexual Violence and Violence Against Women



The university is committed to providing a safe learning and working environment, and in compliance with the provisions of the Title IX has adopted policies and procedures to prevent and respond to incidents of sexual violence including sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence and stalking. These guidelines apply to all students, faculty, staff, contractors and visitors.

If you are a witness or a victim of sexual violence or violence against women, please notify immediately to any Campus Security or Campus Security Authority.

For more information, please refer to Student Consumer Information Title IX – Sexual Misconduct Policy

<https://www.agmu.edu/en/student-consumer-information>

Clery Act Crimes Described

Murder/Manslaughter: Defined as the willful killing of one human being by another.

Negligent Manslaughter: Defined as the killing of another person through gross negligence.

Sex offenses: Any sexual act directed against another person, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent.

- **Rape** — the penetration, no matter how slight, of the vagina or anus with any body part or object, or oral penetration by a sex organ of another person, without the consent of the victim.

- **Fondling** — The touching of the private body parts of another person for the purpose of sexual gratification, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her age or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental incapacity.
- **Incest** — Non-forcible sexual intercourse between persons who are related to each other within the degrees wherein marriage is prohibited by law.
- **Statutory Rape** — Non-forcible sexual intercourse with a person who is under the statutory age of consent.

Robbery: Defined as taking or attempting to take anything of value from the car, custody, or control of a person or persons by force or threat of force or violence and/or by putting the victim in fear.

Aggravated Assault: Defined as an unlawful attack by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury. This type of assault usually is accompanied using a weapon or by means likely to produce death or great bodily harm.

Burglary: Unlawful entry of a structure to commit a felony or a theft.

Motor Vehicle Theft: Theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle.

Arson: any willful or malicious burning or attempt to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling house, public building, motor vehicle or aircraft, personal property of another, etc.

Hate Crimes



- **Hate Crimes** – includes all of the crimes listed above that manifest evidence that the victim was chosen based on one of the categories of bias listed below, plus the following crimes.
- **Larceny/Theft** — includes, pocket picking, purse snatching, shoplifting, theft from building, theft from motor vehicle, theft of motor vehicle parts or accessories, and all other larceny.
- **Simple Assault** — an unlawful physical attack by one person upon another where neither the offender displays a weapon, nor the victim suffers obvious severe or aggravated bodily injury involving apparent broken bones, loss of teeth, possible internal injury, severe laceration or loss of consciousness.
- **Intimidation** — to unlawfully place another person in reasonable fear of bodily harm through the use of threatening words and/or other conduct but without displaying a weapon or subjecting the victim to actual physical attack.
- **Destruction/Damage/Vandalism or Property (except Arson)** — to willfully or maliciously destroy, damage, deface or otherwise injure real or personal property without the consent of the owner or the person having custody or control of it.

Protected Categories

- **Race** — A preformed negative attitude toward a group of persons who possess common physical characteristics genetically transmitted by descent and heredity which distinguish them as a distinct division of humankind.
- **Gender** — A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons because those persons are male or female.
- **Religion** — A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons who share the same religious beliefs regarding the origin and purpose of the universe and the existence or nonexistence of a supreme being.
- **Sexual Orientation** — A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons based on their sexual attraction toward, and responsiveness to, members of their own sex or members of the opposite sex.
- **Ethnicity/National Origin** — A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons of the same race or national origin who share common or similar traits, languages, customs and traditions.
- **Disability** — A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons based on their physical or mental impairments/ challenges, whether such disability is temporary or permanent, congenital or acquired by heredity, accident, injury, advanced age or illness.

Dating Violence, Domestic Violence, and Stalking



Dating Violence — Violence committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim. **Domestic Violence** — A felony or misdemeanor crime of violence committed:

- By a current or former spouse or intimate partner of the victim;
- By a person with whom the victim shares a child in common;
- By a person who is cohabitating with or has cohabitated with the victim as a spouse or intimate partner;
- By a person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence occurred, or,
- By any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person's acts under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence occurred.

Stalking — Engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to:

- Fear for the person's safety or the safety of others; or
- Suffer substantial emotional distress.

Environment Free of Drugs, Alcohol and Tobacco Policy

Ana G. Méndez University is conscious of the adverse and harmful effects of drugs, alcohol and tobacco in our society, and complies with the Drug- Free Workplace Act of 1988; Drug-Free Schools and Campuses Regulations of 1989; Jeanne Clery

Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act; Higher education Opportunity Act HEOA Sec. 107 amended HEA Sec. 120 (20 U.S.C. 1011i); HEA Sec. 120(a)(2)(B)-(C). HEOA amendment effective August 14, 2008, 34 CFR 86.

It is prohibited for AGMU students to unlawfully use, consume, buy, sell, distribute, manufacture, possess, and/or be under the influence of alcohol or any controlled substance on AGMU's campus, on property owned or controlled by AGMU, or as part of any AGMU activity.

Any student who engages in this behavior will violate this policy. Students under the influence of over-the- counter or legally prescribed medication may continue to attend class or come to work, as long as they do not pose a threat to their own safety or the safety of others, or their performance is not adversely affected. Whether and to what extent performance is adversely affected will be determined by AGMU at its sole discretion.

The possession of drug paraphernalia on AGMU's campus owned or controlled by AGMU or as part of any AGMU activity is also prohibited under this Policy.

The Learning Environment Free of Drugs, Alcohol, and Tobacco Policy is available at:

<https://www.agmu.edu/en/student-consumer-information>

University Policy on Carrying Firearms



Ana G. Méndez University promotes and maintains a work and learning environment that is safe and healthful for the entire university community. In order to comply with the commitment to maintain a safe environment, the carrying of firearms is prohibited in the entire premises and within the limits of the institutions, as well as any activity sponsored. Federal gun laws are enforced by the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives by means of the Office of Enforcement Programs and Services, Firearms Programs Division.

Most firearm laws were enacted through:

- Florida Statute 790.06(12)(a)
- National Firearms Act (1934)
- Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968
- Gun Control Act of 1968
- Firearm Owners Protection Act (1986)
- Gun-Free School Zones Act (1990) (ruled unconstitutional as originally written; has been upheld repeatedly after minor edits were made by Congress)
- Brady Handgun Violence Prevention Act (1993)

The prohibition includes students, employees, and visitors even when holding weapon permits are authorized under the federal and state laws. The only exemption on carrying weapons will be for those agents of order or public safety, duly authorized by the Government, in which cases the weapon cannot be exposed to the view of the University Community.

Harassment

The university strives to provide an environment free from harassment and prohibits harassment based on sex, race, color, national origin, age, disability, religion and any other factor protected under federal, state or local laws. This policy applies to all University Community. Students, employees, contractors and visitors. Vendors and visitors are also expected to comply with this policy.

No member of the university community may harass another. Conduct that reasonably serves a legitimate educational purpose, including pedagogical techniques, does not constitute harassment. In the educational setting within the University, wide latitude for professional judgment in determining the appropriate content and presentation of academic material is required. Those participating in the educational setting bear a responsibility to balance their rights of free expression with a consideration of the reasonable sensitivities of other participants. Therefore, this policy against harassment shall be

Harassment

applied in a manner that protects academic freedom and freedom of expression including, but not limited to, the expression of ideas, however controversial, in the classroom setting, academic environment, university- recognized activities, or on the campus.

Sexual harassment is a form of sex discrimination. The legal definition of sexual harassment is “unwelcome verbal, visual, or physical conduct of a sexual nature that is severe or pervasive and affects working conditions or creates a hostile work environment.”

The legal definition of sexual harassment is “unwelcome verbal, visual, or physical conduct of a sexual nature that is severe or pervasive and affects working conditions or creates a hostile work environment.”

Many kinds of conduct verbal, visual or physical that is of a sexual nature may be considered sexual harassment, if the behavior is unwelcome and if it is severe or pervasive. Here are some more examples:

- **Verbal or written:** Comments about clothing, personal behavior, or a person’s body; sexual or sex-based jokes; requesting sexual favors or repeatedly asking a person out; sexual innuendoes; telling rumors about a person’s personal or sexual life; threatening a person
- **Physical:** Assault; impeding or blocking movement; inappropriate touching of a person or a person’s clothing; kissing,

hugging, patting, stroking

- **Nonverbal:** Looking up and down a person’s body; derogatory gestures or facial expressions of a sexual nature; following a person
- **Visual:** Posters, drawings, pictures, screensavers or emails of a sexual nature

Both men and women can be sexually harassed and someone of the same or opposite sex can sexually harass you.

University’s policies promotes to the University Community and visitors a working learning environment that is fair, humane and responsible, nurturing professional advancement and education based on abilities and performance. The University does not tolerate harassment in the job or in the study environment.

Racial Harassment And Harassment Based On National Origin, Ethnicity, or Color is objectionable verbal and/or physical conduct based on such factors.

The University seeks to provide equal educational opportunities for all students and to cultivate the ethical and moral values of a just society. To do so, the University must maintain an environment free from racial harassment, intimidation, and humiliation as expressed by communication, threats, acts of violence, hatred, abuse of authority, or ill-will that assault an individual’s self-worth.

Harassment and prevention

Following are examples of behaviors, which, if based on race, ethnicity, or national origin, may constitute harassment:

- Making demeaning remarks to an individual or group or in the presence of an individual or group. This includes name calling, racial slurs, epithets, jokes, and racial put downs if the intention or result is to demean a person or group, treat individuals or groups differently because of race, ethnicity, national origin, or color, or create a hostile environment.
- Displaying, circulating, or placing visual or written material demeaning race, ethnicity, national origin, or color in a university living or working area, when the intention or result is to make the education, working, or living environment hostile or demeaning.
- Damaging, defacing, or destroying the University's property or the property of any member because of race, ethnicity, national origin, or color.
- Using "fighting words"; expressing in words, pictures, or symbols commonly understood to convey hatred or contempt, based on race, color or ethnicity.
- Engaging in intentional acts based on race that obstruct or impair University activities in or outside University buildings or in other locations where University-sponsored activities occur.
- Physically threatening or assaulting, intentionally engaging in physically violent acts, malicious injury to person which intentionally or recklessly imperils the safety of others; engaging in malicious harassment in violation of state and federal law.
- Engaging in demeaning verbal and other expressive behavior of a racial nature in instructional settings.

Harassment Based on Other Protected Categories is treated the same as sexual and racial harassment and may be evidenced by similar types of behavior based on such factors.

Sexual Violence, Dating Violence, Harassment and Discrimination by Sex (VAWA-Title IX) Prevention and Awareness Program

Procedure to Follow on Occurrences Immediately request help and notify security personnel and/or the Campus Director:

- The Security Officer will take charge of the scene, cordoning off the area and preserving evidence. The Security Officer and the Campus Director will be responsible for notifying the Police, Sexual Crimes Section, for their corresponding investigation.
- If it is determined the victim should be transferred to a hospital the Campus Director or the Security Officer, will carry out the necessary steps for the transfer. The Campus Director will communicate with the victim's family.
- The Security Officer will be responsible for drafting a final report for the Campus Director.

Recommendations

In case of a sexual attack, the Center for Aid to Rape Victims recommends the following:

- Do not change clothing or bathe/clean
 - Do not take medicines
 - Seek immediate medical assistance
- For more information, refer to:

<https://www.agmu.edu/en/student-consumer-information>

Other Services

To reinforce our security standards, it is required to each student inside the premises of the campus facilities, always carry their student ID. The Security Officer may request all students to present their ID at any moment. The Security Officer is entitled to forbid access to any student that does not have an ID and will require the Student to visit the Learning Resources Center to request a new Student ID.

Hazing Policy, Reporting, Prevention, and Campus Hazing Transparency Report

Definition of Hazing

Ana G. Méndez University prohibits hazing in connection with initiation into, affiliation with, or the maintenance of membership in a student organization. Hazing includes any intentional, knowing, or reckless act committed by a person, individually or together with others, against one or more persons, regardless of their willingness to participate, that causes or creates a risk, above the reasonable risk ordinarily encountered in participating in the University or organization, of physical or psychological injury.

Examples of Hazing include:

- Whipping, beating, striking, electronic shocking, placing of a harmful substance on someone's body, or similar activity;
- Causing, coercing, or otherwise inducing sleep deprivation, exposure to the elements, confinement in a small space, extreme calisthenics, or other similar activity;
- Causing, coercing, or otherwise inducing another person to consume food, liquid, alcohol, drugs, or other substances;
- Causing, coercing, or otherwise inducing another person to perform sexual acts;
- Any activity that places another person in reasonable fear of bodily harm through the use of threatening words or conduct;
- Any activity against another person that includes a criminal violation of local, State, Tribal, or Federal law; and

- Any activity that induces, causes, or requires another person to perform a duty or task that involves a criminal violation of local, State, Tribal, or Federal law.

Student organizations include all University organizations in which two or more of the members are students enrolled at the University, whether or not the organization is established or officially recognized by the University.

How to Report

Suspected hazing should be reported promptly to the Office of Student Affairs and/or Campus Security. Situations involving immediate danger, injury, threats, or possible criminal conduct should be reported by calling 911 and notifying Campus Security.

Investigation Process

Upon receipt of a report or information of possible hazing, the Dean of Student Affairs will promptly initiate an investigation into the allegations and implement safety measures, as necessary. The investigation may include, to the extent relevant, interviews parties and witnesses and the review of pertinent documentation (e.g., student or personnel files, relevant law enforcement documents).

If there is sufficient information or evidence available to support a potential violation of University policy, the Dean of Student Affairs will initiate the Student Conduct process by providing written notice (including e-mail) to the student(s) alleged to have violated University policy. The notice

Hazing policy

will include information regarding the specific charges alleged, the potential sanctions, and a link to the Student Conduct procedures.

Student organizations found responsible may be denied recognition or have their recognition revoked, and individual students may also be subject to disciplinary action, as appropriate. A student may be accountable to both law enforcement authorities and to the University for acts which constitute violations of the law and University policy. Student conduct allegedly constituting a felony or misdemeanor offense may be referred to the appropriate law enforcement agencies. University disciplinary proceedings will not be subject to challenge on the grounds that criminal charges involving the same incident have been filed, prosecuted, dismissed, reduced, or otherwise resolved or that such proceedings constitute double jeopardy.

Prevention and Awareness Programming

The University provides educational programming to students, staff, and faculty regarding the awareness of and prevention of hazing. Programming is conducted for all incoming students and new employees during their respective orientation processes, and ongoing prevention and awareness programs are conducted throughout the year for all current students and employees. These programs may include orientation for new AGMU Student Organizations, orientation and training for faculty advisors and mentos, annual activities/events calendar reminders and will include the information emphasized below.

As required under federal law, these programs address:

- The University's policies relating to hazing;
- How to report incidents hazing;
- The University's process used to investigate allegations of hazing;
- Applicable local, State, and Tribal laws on hazing
- Primary prevention strategies intended to stop hazing before it occurs, which may include skill building for bystander intervention, information about ethical leadership, and the promotion of strategies for building group cohesion without hazing.

Applicable Florida State Laws

Under Florida Law, hazing is a criminal offense with penalties that vary based on the severity of the act. See Fla. Stat. § 1006.63.

However, under "Andrew's Law," a person cannot be prosecuted for criminal hazing if s/he establishes all of the following:

1. That s/he was present at an event where, as a result of hazing, a person appeared to be in need of immediate medical assistance.
2. That s/he was the first person to call 911 or campus security to report the need for immediate medical assistance.
3. That s/he provided his or her own name, the address where immediate medical assistance was needed, and a description of the medical issue to the 911 operator or campus security at the time of the call.
4. That s/he remained at the scene with the person in need of immediate medical assistance until such medical assistance, law enforcement, or campus security arrived and that s/he cooperated with such personnel on the scene.

Hazing policy

Notwithstanding the above, under Andrew's Law, a person is immune from prosecution if the person establishes that, before medical assistance, law enforcement, or campus security arrived on the scene of a hazing event, the person rendered aid to the hazing victim. "Aid" includes, but is not limited to, rendering cardiopulmonary resuscitation to the victim, clearing an airway for the victim to breathe, using a defibrillator to assist the victim, or rendering any other assistance to the victim which the person intended in good faith to stabilize or improve the victim's condition while waiting for medical assistance, law enforcement, or campus security to arrive.

Campus Hazing Transparency Report

The University will collect information with respect to alleged hazing incidents, and following the first finding of a violation, the University will develop a Campus Hazing Transparency Report (the "Report"). The Report will findings concerning any University-established or recognized student organization found to be in violation of the University's prohibition on hazing.

The Report will be made prominently available on the University's website and will be updated at least twice per year, provided a hazing violation has been found since the date the Report was last published. For each violation, the Report will include:

- The name of the student organization involved;

- A general description of the violation that resulted in a finding of responsibility, including whether the violation involved the abuse or illegal use of alcohol or drugs, the findings of the University, and any sanctions placed on the student organization, as applicable; and
- The dates on which the incident was alleged to have occurred, the investigation into the incident was initiated, the investigation ended with a finding that a hazing violation occurred, and the institution provided notice to the student organization that the incident resulted in a hazing violation.

Each update to the Report will be posted on the University's website and maintained for a period of 5 calendar years from the date of publication. Along with the Report, the University will include information about the University's hazing policy and applicable laws regarding hazing and provide a link to access hazing statistics in the University's Annual Security Report.

Based on the information provided by the Office of Student Affairs for the applicable reporting period, AGMU identified no reported hazing incidents and no institutional findings of responsibility for hazing involving a student organization. Therefore, there are currently no organizational violations requiring publication in a Campus Hazing Transparency Report. The University will publish and update the report as required if an applicable institutional finding is issued.

Incident Log

Crime Log 2025

Campus	METRO ORLANDO				SOUTH FLORIDA				TAMPA BAY			
Year	On Campus	Off Campus	Public Property	Total	On Campus	Off Campus	Public Property	Total	On Campus	Off Campus	Public Property	Total
Murder / Non-negligent Manslaughter												
2023	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2024	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2025	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Negligent Manslaughter												
2023	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2024	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2025	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offenses: Forcible												
Rape												
2023	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2024	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2025	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fondling												
2023	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2024	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2025	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offenses: Non-Forcible												
Incest												
2023	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2024	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2025	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Statutory Rape												
2023	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2024	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2025	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery												
2023	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2024	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2025	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault												
2023	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2024	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2025	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary												
2023	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2024	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2025	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft												
2023	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2024	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2025	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson												
2023	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2024	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2025	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Violence Against Women Act (VAWA) Offenses												
Dating Violence												
2023	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2024	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2025	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Domestic Violence												
2023	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2024	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2025	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Stalking												
2023	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2024	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2025	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hazing Incidents												
2023	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2024	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2025	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

* Separate federal collection of hazing statistics began January 1, 2025. The 2023 and 2024 zeros reflect that AGMU reported no incidents in its institutional records; 2025 is the first federally required hazing statistical year.

Incident Log

Crime Log 2025 Continuation

[illegible]

Metro Orlando

Hate Crimes 2025				
DATE	PLACE	CRIME(S)	PERPETRATOR(S)	CRIMES

[illegible]

Metro Orlando

Hate Crimes 2025

[illegible]

South Florida

Hate Crimes 2025

[illegible]

South Florida

Hate Crimes 2025

[illegible]

Tampa Bay

Hate Crimes 2025

[illegible]

Tampa Bay

Hate Crimes 2025

[illegible]

Telephone Directory

Emergencies

9-1-1

ADMINISTRATION - applicable to all three campuses

(407)563-6501

Dean of Student Affairs	5568
Title IX Coordinator	1865
Title IX Deputy Coordinator (Human Resources)	1806

METRO ORLANDO CAMPUS/ONLINE DIVISION

(407)207-3363

Reception	1802
Campus Director	1803
Administrative Coordinator	1801
Student Affairs Office	1891/1885
Title IX Deputy Coordinator (Campus)	1815
Title IX Deputy Coordinator (Online Division)	7050
Security	1819

SOUTH FLORIDA

(954)885-5595

Reception	8526
Campus Director	8503
Administrative Coordinator	8501
Student Affairs Office	8507
Title IX Deputy Coordinator	8521
Security	8562/8563

TAMPA BAY

(813)932-7500

Reception	8701
Campus Director	8714
Administrative Coordinator	8700
Student Affairs Office	8732
Title IX Deputy Coordinator	8728
Security	8735

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